A CASE OF OLD ECZEMA ON RIGHT LEG IS COMPLETELY CURED WITH HOMEOPATHIC MEDICINES

ANIRBAN SUKUL
MSc,PhD,BHMS,DIHom (Lond)
Sukul Institute of Homeopathic Research, Kolkata, India

ABSTRACT
One Mr Anirban Sengupta of 17 years old came to my 8A Becharam Chatterjee Road, Behala, Kolkata 34 chamber on May 24, 2005 with the chief complaint of eczema on his right leg, above ankle. He came to me after a prolonged treatment of allopathy and homeopathy when both were failed to improve. His mother was seeming very hopeless of her son’s disease as it was already 4 years old.

DIAGNOSIS
Old dry itching eczema on right leg.

INTRODUCTION

What is eczema?
Eczema is a general term for many types of skin inflammation, also known as dermatitis. The most common form of eczema is atopic dermatitis (some people use these two terms interchangeably). However, there are many different forms of eczema.

Eczema can affect people of any age, although the condition is most common in infants, and about 85% of people have an onset prior to 5 years of age. Eczema is not contagious, but since it is believed to be at least partially inherited, it is not uncommon to find members of the same family affected.

What are the causes of eczema?
Doctors do not know the exact cause of eczema, but a defect of the skin that impairs its function as a barrier, possibly combined with an abnormal function of the immune system, are believed to be an important factors. Studies have shown that in people with atopic dermatitis, there are gene defects that lead to abnormalities in certain proteins (such as filaggrin) that are important in maintaining the barrier of normal skin.

Some forms of eczema can be triggered by substances that come in contact with the skin, such as soaps, cosmetics, clothing, detergents, jewelry, or sweat. Environmental allergens (substances that cause allergic reactions) may also cause outbreaks of eczema. Changes in temperature or humidity, or even psychological stress, can lead to outbreaks of eczema in some people.

What are the symptoms of eczema?
Eczema most commonly causes dry, reddened skin that itches or burns, although the appearance of eczema varies from person to person and varies according to the specific type of eczema. Intense itching is generally the first symptom in most people with eczema. Sometimes, eczema may lead to blisters and oozing lesions, but eczema can also result in dry and scaly skin. Repeated scratching may lead to thickened, crusty skin.

While any region of the body may be affected by eczema, in children and adults, eczema typically occurs on the face, neck, and the insides of the elbows, knees, and ankles. In infants, eczema typically occurs on the forehead, cheeks, forearms, legs, scalp, and neck.

Eczema can sometimes occur as a brief reaction that only leads to symptoms for a few hours or days, but in other cases, the symptoms persist over a longer time and are referred to as chronic dermatitis.

Chief complaint of the patient:
Violent itching on the part affected. No discharges from the affected skin but sometimes scratches occur due to itch. The skin is scaly around and sheds off while itching. The color of the affected part is blackend.

Past history: Jaundice
Family history: Diabetes, rheumatism
Mind: Angry

Generalities
Built: Slightly over weight
Appetite- good
Perspiration – profuse
Stool – 1/ 2 times daily, medium
Thirst- moderate
Headache - frequently

Clinical examination
BP 120/70 mm Hg
Pulse 76
Body weight- 68 kg

Treatment
After analysing all the symptoms collected, the following medicines were given:

24-5-2005 – Sepia 1M one dose with placebo.
2-7-2005 – Sepia 1M one dose with placebo was repeated.
10-8-2005 - Sepia 10M one dose with placebo.
20-9-2005 – Itching was aggravated. Sulphur 200 one dose with placebo was given.
22-10-2005 – Sulphur 200 one dose with placebo was repeated.
4-1-2006 - Thuja 30 one dose daily for one month.

11-2-2006 - Thuja 1M one dose with placebo given for one month.
21-3-2006 - Thuja 1M one dose with placebo was repeated.
4-5-2006 – Thuja 10M one dose with placebo was given for one month.
17-6-2006 – Bacillinum 200 one dose with placebo was given.
29-8-2006 - Bacillinum 200 one dose with placebo was repeated.
12-11-2006 - Bacillinum 1M one dose with placebo was given.
Chelidonium Q 15 drops with 10ml water twice daily before meals is also prescribed.
31-1-2007 – Bacillinum 10M one dose with placebo was given.
13-4-2007 - Bacillinum 10M one dose with placebo was given.
28-6-2007 - Bacillinum 50M one dose with placebo was repeated.
18-9-2007 - Bacillinum 50M one dose with placebo was given.
29-11-2007 - Bacillinum CM one dose with placebo was given.
8-2-2008 – Psorinum 0/1 one dose daily for 8 days was given.
18-2- 2008 - Psorinum 0/2 one dose daily for 8 days was given.
27-2-2007 - Psorinum 0/3 one dose daily for 8 days was given.
10-3-2007 - Psorinum 0/4 one dose daily for 8 days was given.
22-3-2007 - Psorinum 0/5 one dose daily for 8 days was given.
1-4-2008 - Psorinum 0/6 one dose daily for 8 days was given.

The area on right leg eczema has taken almost skin colour and the treatment is stopped.

Photo of right leg eczema during treatment.
Photo of right leg where eczema is now cured with homeopathic medicines.